

# Vaccination calendar 2026

(Standard vaccinations with vaccines and monoclonal antibodies [mAb])



A – Infants and young children < 5 years (0 – 59 months)														
Vaccination/ immunisation	Age in weeks			Age in months										
	0	4	6	2	3	4	5–6	7–10	11*	12	13–14	15	16–23	24–59
	CU2	CU3		CU4			CU5		CU6				CU7	CU7a/CU8
Respiratory syncytial viruses	mAb (single dose) depending on month of birth <sup>a</sup>													
Rotaviruses		P1 <sup>b</sup>		P2	(P3)									
Tetanus <sup>c</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Diphtheria <sup>c</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Pertussis <sup>c</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Hib <sup>b</sup> <i>H. influenzae</i> type b				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Poliomyelitis <sup>c</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Hepatitis B <sup>c</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Pneumococci <sup>c,d</sup>				P1		P2			P3 <sup>f</sup>					
Meningococci B <sup>e</sup>				P1		P2				P3 <sup>f</sup>				
Measles, mumps, rubella									P1			P2		
Varicella									P1			P2		
Appointment/date														

- Recommended vaccination time point
- Recommended period for mAb administration
- Catch-up vaccination period for primary immunisation and mAb administration

- P Primary immunisation (P1 – P3)
- B Booster vaccination
- S Standard vaccination
- mAb Monoclonal antibodies

- a** Babies born between April and September should receive nirsevimab in the autumn before the beginning of their first RSV season; babies of any gestational age born during the RSV season (mostly between October and March) should receive nirsevimab as soon as possible after birth, ideally upon discharge from the delivery ward or at CU2 (3 – 10 days of age).
- b** First vaccine dose as of 6 weeks of age; depending on the vaccine used, second and third doses at an interval of at least 4 weeks
- c** Premature infants: additional vaccine dose at 3 months, i.e. 4 doses total
- d** Infants (incl. premature) are vaccinated with PCV13 or PCV15
- e** Per the SmPC, the vaccination regimen over ages 2 – 23 months comprises 3 doses; from 24 months it comprises 2 doses
- f** Minimum interval from previous vaccine dose: 6 months

Adapted from the recommendations of the Standing Committee on Vaccination (STIKO) at the Robert Koch Institute. Epi-Bull 4/2026

# Vaccination calendar for your child

(Standard vaccinations from 5 years, adolescents and adults, per STIKO<sup>1)</sup>)



B – Children ≥ 5 years, adolescents and adults										
Vaccination	Age in years									
	5–6	7–8	9–11	12–14	15–16	17	18–24	25–59	60–74	75+
	CU9	CU10	CU11	Ad.CU1		Ad.CU2				
Tetanus	B1				B2				B <sup>b</sup>	
Diphtheria	B1				B2				B <sup>b</sup>	
Pertussis	B1				B2			B3 <sup>b</sup>		
Poliomyelitis					B1					
Hepatitis B										
HPV – Human papillomavirus				P <sup>g</sup> and P2 <sup>g</sup>						
Meningococci ACWY				P1 <sup>**</sup>						
Measles								S <sup>i</sup>		
Mumps, rubella										
Varicella										
Pneumococci										S <sup>k</sup>
Herpes zoster										P1 <sup>l</sup> /P2 <sup>l</sup>
Influenza										S (annually) <sup>m</sup>
COVID-19								Px <sup>i</sup>		S (annually) <sup>m</sup>
Respiratory syncytial viruses										S <sup>n</sup>
Appointment/date										

- g** Two vaccine doses at an interval of at least 5 months; for catch-up vaccination starting age ≥ 15 years or in the event of intervals < 5 months between the first and second doses, 3 doses are necessary
- h** Td booster every 10 years. Next Td vaccine due given as a single Tdap or in the event of a corresponding indication as a Tdap-IPV combination vaccine
- i** One MMR vaccine dose for all people ≥ 18 years born after 1970 with uncertain vaccination status, no vaccination or only one dose in childhood
- j** Vaccination until the required ≥ 3 cases of SARS-CoV-2 antigen contact (incl. at least one vaccine dose) for basic immunity is achieved. Minimum interval between P1 and P2 ≥ 4 to preferably 12 weeks, and between P2 and P3 ≥ 6 months

- k** Vaccination with PCV20
- l** 2 doses of inactivated adjuvanted Herpes zoster vaccine at an interval of at least 2 to at most 6 months
- m** Annual vaccination in autumn
- n** Single dose of a protein-based RSV vaccine in late summer/autumn before the RSV season starts
- \*** Vaccines can be administered over several vaccination appointments. MMR and V can be administered on the same day or at an interval of 4 weeks
- \*\*** A dose of a quadrivalent vaccine against meningococci A, C, W and Y for all children and adolescents aged 12 to 14 years, with a catch-up vaccination up to 25 years, regardless of vaccination status. Robert Koch Institute (RKI) Epid Bull 2025; 44: 1-36